





DATAW ISLAND CEMETERIES

Sams Family Cemetery & Chapel

(etching circa 1865)

Cotton Dike Cemetery

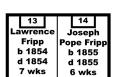
(photo circa 2007)

12/1/19



SAMS FAMILY CEMETERY

- Headstones identify 16 individuals
- Genealogical evidence for 4 more burials
- 11 adults & 9 children



Sons of James Edings L. Fripp & Evelina Edings Sams Fripp

15	16	
William	James	
Oliver	Hann	
Fripp	Fripp	
b 1842	b 1842	
d 1842	d 1843	
7 mos	' 18 mos	
Twin		

Sons of James Edings L. Fripp & Evelina **Edings Sams Fripp**

Ariana Sams

dau BB Sams

1818-1819

FS

William Sams

son BB Sams

1817-1817

17 Evelina Edings Sams Fripp b 1822 d 1861 unmarked grave

18 Edings Lawrence Fripp b 1811 d 1864 unmarked grave

Elizabeth **Hann Fripp** Sams

FS

1st wife **BB Sams** 1795 - 1831 5

Dr. Berners **Barnwell** Sams born on Datha 1787 - 1855

FS

Martha Fripp **Edwards** Sams 2nd wife **BB Sams** 1799 - 1857 6

FS

Unmarked Graves

Genealogy sources state that Evelina Edings Sams Fripp died on March 4, 1861 and is buried beside her infant children in the Sams Family cemetery on Dataw Island. Graves [13] through [16] are her infant children. Evelina's husband, James Edings Lawrence Fripp, died on Oct. 22, 1864 and his obituary states that he is buried beside his wife.

A Ground Penetrating Radar study in 2006 identified two "probable" graves alongside the four infant children. These unmarked graves [17] & [18] are likely those of the parents.

Genealogy sources also suggest that William Sams, Jr. (1766-1817), son of William and Elizabeth Sams, is buried within the cemetery. He is likely buried in another unmarked grave.

Sams Family Coat of Arms



Dum Spiro Spero

9 Sarah Fripp Sams 1st wife of Lewis Reeve Sams b 1789 d 1825

Caroline Sams daughter of LR.Jr & Sarah **Graham Sams** 1836 6 wks

FS

12

Angerona Sams daughter of LR & Sarah Fripp Sams 1813 - 1818 10

FS

Robert Sams son of LR & Sarah Fripp Sams 1817 3 mos 11

FS

Elizabeth Hext Sams wife of Wm Sams 1746 - 1813

William Sams First Burial in Cemetery 1741 - 1798

FS = Foot Stones

Francis Sams Son of William & Elizabeth Sams 1772 - 1828

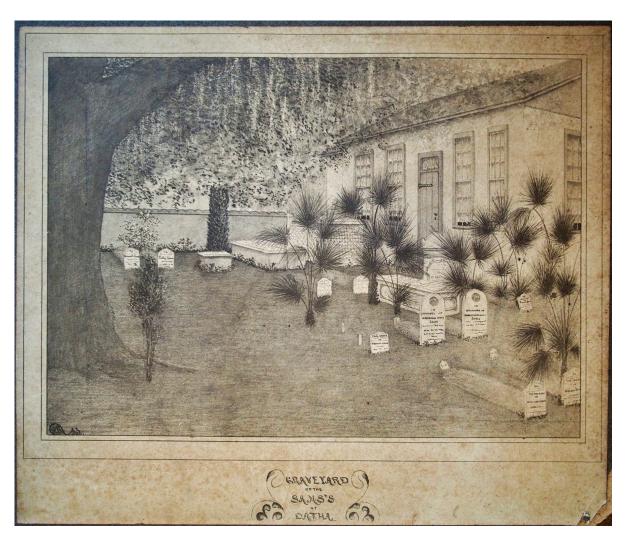
Burials in the

Sams Family

Cemetery

"While I Breath, I Hope" ...

SAMS FAMILY CEMETERY WITH CHAPEL

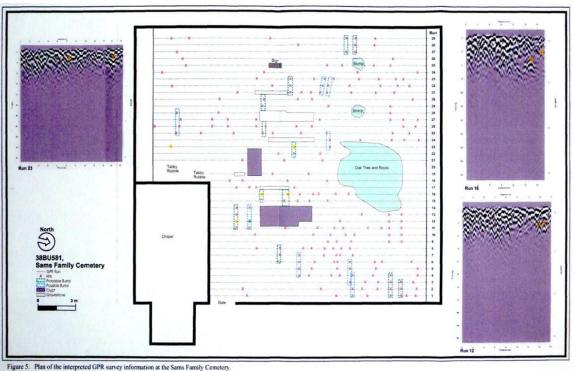


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GROUND PENETRATING RADAR SURVEY OF SAMS CEMETERY

"Based on the results of the GPR survey, we estimate that the cemetery contains at least 19-26 graves, including the ones with markers or crypts."

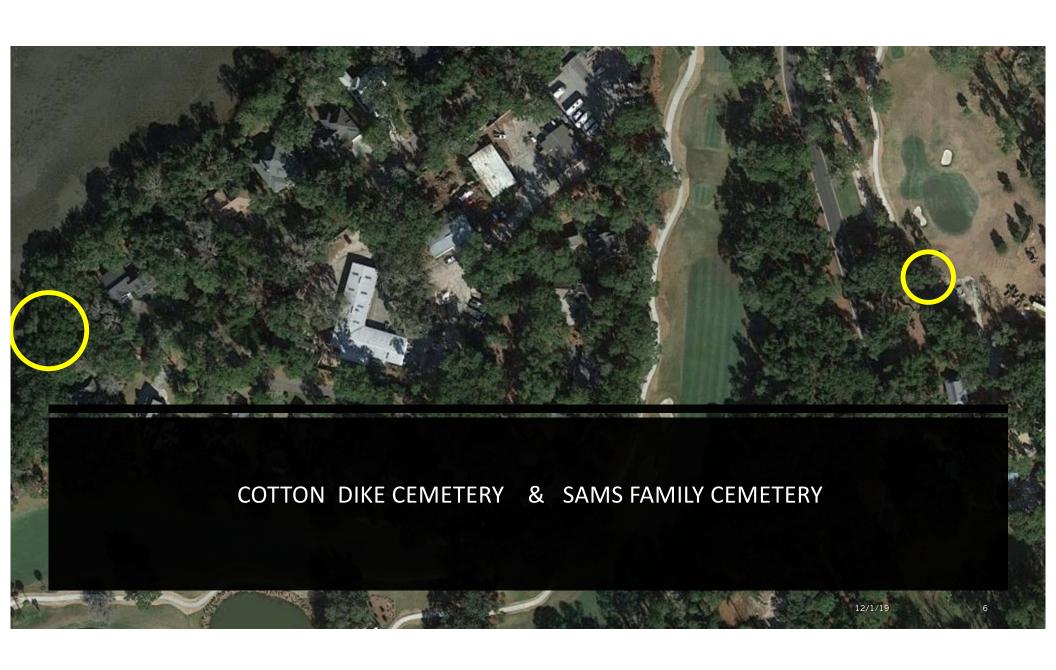
Brockington and Associates, Inc. February 2006



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COTTON DIKE CEMETERY



GULLAH CULTURAL ANCESTRY

Rice Coast - Gold Coast - Calabar - Congo - Angola

Tribal Groups

Mandinka

Pende

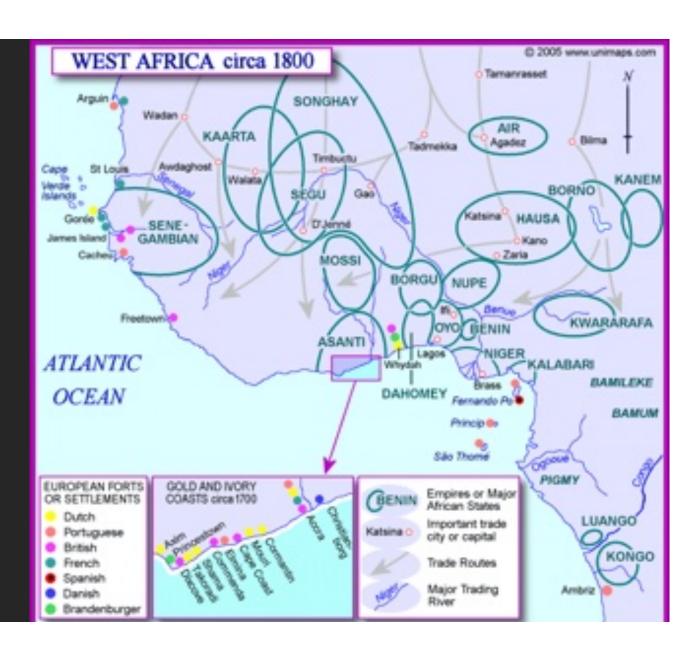
• Fula	Baga	Chokwe
• Susu	Limba	Avambo
• Temne	Mende	Aja
• Vai	Kissi	Ambund
 Kpelle 	Igbo	Bakongo
 Calabari 	Efik	Kongo
 Bateke 	Kuba	Luba

Yaka

Ovimbundu

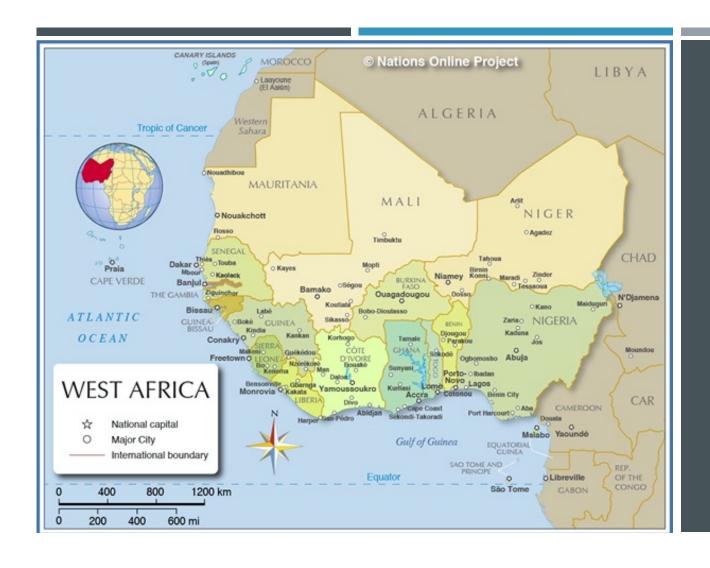
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CIRCA 1800



MODERN-DAY COUNTRIES OF ORIGIN

- People were enslaved into the Atlantic
 Slave trade from areas which comprise the modern-day countries of:
 - Senegal Gambia Guinea-Bissau Mali
 - Angola Democratic Republic of Congo
 - Gabon Ghana Sierra Leone



WEST AFRICA - TODAY

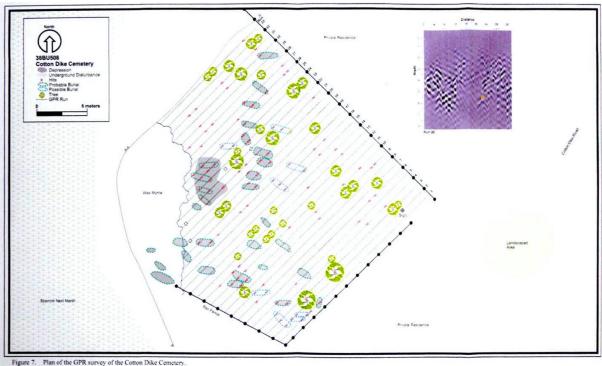
COTTON DIKE CEMETERY



GROUND PENETRATING RADAR SURVEY OF COTTON DIKE CEMETERY

"Based on the inspection of the ground surface and the GPR information, we estimate that there are at least 38 possible or probable graves in the Cotton Dike Cemetery."

> Brockington and Associates, Inc. February 2006



REDEDICATION OF COTTON DIKE CEMETERY DEC 2007

Cotton Dike Cemetery Ca. 1785

Initially begun as a final resting place for field slaves in antebellum times, this cemetery served generations of Dataw Island residents through the Reconstruction period and well beyond. The last recorded burial occurred in 1967.

This historic and sacred burial ground contains the remains of African slaves, free African-Americans, and their descendants who contributed greatly to the economic, social and religious life of Datha (Dataw) Island and the greater Beaufort area.

Cotton Dike Cemetery is a tangible reminder of the dependence of many large farmers on slave labor from the mid-1700's to 1864. It is a reflection of the many traditions of the African-American slave population. Death rituals and shoreline burial practices formed an important part of those traditions and death itself carried great significance among slaves throughout the South.

The Cotton Dike Cemetery was considerably larger than what you see before you today. Over the years, water erosion has reduced the cemetery to its present size. A survey completed in 2006 indicated that there are 38+ grave sites still intact.



Contributed by the Dataw Historic Foundation

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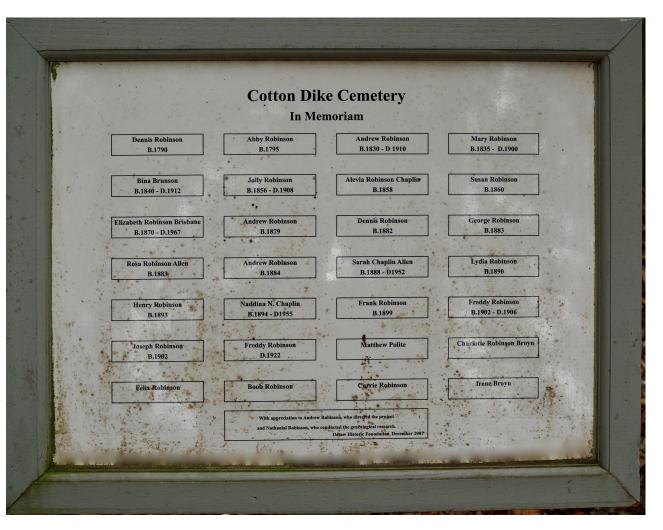
REDEDICATION OF COTTON DIKE CEMETERY

DEC 2007



WILLIAM, ANDREW, ARTHUR ROBINSON

ALLEN
BRAYN
BRISBANE
CHAPLIN
POLITE
ROBINSON





REDEDICATION OF COTTON DIKE CEMETERY DEC 2007

ANDREW ROBINSON



